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APPLICATION NO.	FILING DATE	FIRST NAMED INVENTOR	ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.	CONFIRMATION NO.
09/803,950	03/13/2001	Satoshi Banno	Q63572	9028

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CHUONG, TRUC T

ART UNIT	PAPER NUMBER
2174	S

DATE MAILED: 02/11/2004

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

<b>Office Action Summary</b>	<b>Application No.</b>	<b>Applicant(s)</b>	
	09/803,950	BANNO, SATOSHI	
	Examiner Truc T Chuong	Art Unit 2174	

-- The MAILING DATE of this communication appears on the cover sheet with the correspondence address --

### Period for Reply

A SHORTENED STATUTORY PERIOD FOR REPLY IS SET TO EXPIRE 3 MONTH(S) FROM THE MAILING DATE OF THIS COMMUNICATION.

- Extensions of time may be available under the provisions of 37 CFR 1.136(a). In no event, however, may a reply be timely filed after SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication.
- If the period for reply specified above is less than thirty (30) days, a reply within the statutory minimum of thirty (30) days will be considered timely.
- If NO period for reply is specified above, the maximum statutory period will apply and will expire SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication.
- Failure to reply within the set or extended period for reply will, by statute, cause the application to become ABANDONED (35 U.S.C. § 133). Any reply received by the Office later than three months after the mailing date of this communication, even if timely filed, may reduce any earned patent term adjustment. See 37 CFR 1.704(b).

### Status

- 1) Responsive to communication(s) filed on \_\_\_\_\_.
- 2a) This action is FINAL.                    2b) This action is non-final.
- 3) Since this application is in condition for allowance except for formal matters, prosecution as to the merits is closed in accordance with the practice under *Ex parte Quayle*, 1935 C.D. 11, 453 O.G. 213.

### Disposition of Claims

- 4) Claim(s) 1-14 is/are pending in the application.
- 4a) Of the above claim(s) \_\_\_\_\_ is/are withdrawn from consideration.
- 5) Claim(s) \_\_\_\_\_ is/are allowed.
- 6) Claim(s) 1-14 is/are rejected.
- 7) Claim(s) \_\_\_\_\_ is/are objected to.
- 8) Claim(s) \_\_\_\_\_ are subject to restriction and/or election requirement.

### Application Papers

- 9) The specification is objected to by the Examiner.
- 10) The drawing(s) filed on \_\_\_\_\_ is/are: a) accepted or b) objected to by the Examiner.  
Applicant may not request that any objection to the drawing(s) be held in abeyance. See 37 CFR 1.85(a).  
Replacement drawing sheet(s) including the correction is required if the drawing(s) is objected to. See 37 CFR 1.121(d).
- 11) The oath or declaration is objected to by the Examiner. Note the attached Office Action or form PTO-152.

### Priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119

- 12) Acknowledgment is made of a claim for foreign priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119(a)-(d) or (f).  
a) All    b) Some \* c) None of:
  1. Certified copies of the priority documents have been received.
  2. Certified copies of the priority documents have been received in Application No. \_\_\_\_\_.
  3. Copies of the certified copies of the priority documents have been received in this National Stage application from the International Bureau (PCT Rule 17.2(a)).

\* See the attached detailed Office action for a list of the certified copies not received.

### Attachment(s)

1) <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Notice of References Cited (PTO-892)	4) <input type="checkbox"/> Interview Summary (PTO-413)
2) <input type="checkbox"/> Notice of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Review (PTO-948)	Paper No(s)/Mail Date. _____
3) <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Information Disclosure Statement(s) (PTO-1449 or PTO/SB/08) Paper No(s)/Mail Date _____	5) <input type="checkbox"/> Notice of Informal Patent Application (PTO-152)
	6) <input type="checkbox"/> Other: _____

## **DETAILED ACTION**

### ***Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 102***

1. The following is a quotation of the appropriate paragraphs of 35 U.S.C. 102 that form the basis for the rejections under this section made in this Office action:

A person shall be entitled to a patent unless –

(e) the invention was described in (1) an application for patent, published under section 122(b), by another filed in the United States before the invention by the applicant for patent or (2) a patent granted on an application for patent by another filed in the United States before the invention by the applicant for patent, except that an international application filed under the treaty defined in section 351(a) shall have the effects for purposes of this subsection of an application filed in the United States only if the international application designated the United States and was published under Article 21(2) of such treaty in the English language.

2. Claims 1-14 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 102(e) as being anticipated by Murray (U.S. Patent No. 6,392,668 B1).

As to claim 1, Murray teaches a portable information terminal device comprising:

a receiving means for receiving information via a network (receiving information, col. 4 lines 1-44);

a plural of display means for displaying the information received by the receiving means (col. 5 lines 3-56, and figs. 3-4);

a memory means for storing predetermined identification codes (col. 5 line 3-col. 6 line 64);

a detecting means for detecting whether or not the information received by the receiving means includes the identification codes stored in the memory means (col. 4 lines 1-44, col. 5 line 3-col. 6 line 64, and identification comparison, col. 7 lines 1-5); and

a display control means for permitting any of the display means to display the information on the basis of the detection result of the identification codes of the detecting

means (insert a marker into view page, col. 7 lines 1-5, col. 8 lines 33-67, col. 10 lines 20-64, and figs. 3-4).

As to claim 2, Murray teaches a portable information terminal device comprising:

a receiving means for receiving information via a network; a plural of display means for displaying the information received by the receiving means; a memory means for storing predetermined identification codes; a detecting means for detecting whether or not the information received by the receiving means includes the identification codes stored in the memory means; and a display control means for permitting any of the display means to display the information on the basis of the detection result of the identification codes of the detecting means (Note the rejection of claim 1 above),

said detecting means detects predetermined first and second identification codes and the control means permits any of the display means to display the information sandwiched between the first and second identification codes (insert a marker between view pages, col. 7 lines 1-5, col. 8 lines 33-67, col. 10 lines 20-64, and figs. 3-4).

As to claim 3, Murray teaches a portable information terminal device comprising:

a receiving means for receiving information via a network; a memory means for storing predetermined identification codes; a detecting means for detecting whether or not the information received by the receiving means includes the identification codes stored in the memory means (Note the rejection of claim 1 above);

an extracting means for extracting address data linked to different information from the received information on the basis of the detection result of the identification codes of the detecting means (links, col. 5 lines 3-67); and

an obtaining means for obtaining the different information linked to the address data extracted by the extracting means (different users and display information, col. 5 line 3-col. 6 line 64).

As to claim 4, Murray teaches portable information terminal device comprising:

a receiving means for receiving information via a network; a display means for displaying the information received by the receiving means; a memory means for storing predetermined identification codes; a detecting means for detecting whether or not the information received by the receiving means includes the identification codes stored in the memory means (Note the rejection of claim 1 above);

an extracting means for extracting address data linked to different information from the received information on the basis of the detection result of the identification codes of the detecting means (links, col. 5 lines 3-67);

a display control means for permitting the display means to display icons corresponding to the address data extracted by the extracting means (icons and other display features, col. 9 lines 33-65, and figs. 3-4);

an accepting means for accepting a selection of the icons displayed on the display means (col. 9 lines 33-65, and figs. 3-4); and

an obtaining means for obtaining the different information linked to the address data corresponding to the icons when the accepting means accepts the selection of the icons (selecting, col. 9 line 33-col. 10 line 61, and figs. 3-4).

As to claim 5, Murray teaches a portable information terminal device comprising:

a receiving means for receiving information via a network; a plural of display means for displaying the information received by the receiving means; a memory means for storing predetermined identification codes; a first detecting means for detecting whether or not the information received by the receiving means includes the identification codes stored in the memory means; an extracting means for extracting address data linked to different information from the received information on the basis of the detection result of the identification codes of the first detecting means; a first display control means for permitting the display means to display icons corresponding to the address data extracted by the extracting means; an accepting means for accepting a selection of the icons displayed on the display means; an obtaining means for obtaining the different information linked to the address data corresponding to the icons when the accepting means accepts the selection of the icons (Note the rejection of claims 1 and 4 above);

a second detecting means for detecting whether or not the different information obtained by the obtaining means includes the identification codes stored in the memory means (different users and display information, col. 5 line 3-col. 6 line 64); and

a second display control means for permitting any of the display means to display the different information on the basis of the detection result of the identification codes of the second detecting means (col. 7 lines 1-5, col. 8 lines 33-67, col. 10 lines 20-64, and figs. 3-4).

As to claim 6, Murray teaches the portable information terminal device claimed in claim 1, wherein the address data extracted by the extracting means is sandwiched between

predetermined first and second identification codes (insert a marker between view pages, col. 7 lines 1-5, col. 8 lines 33-67, col. 10 lines 20-64, and figs. 3-4).

As to claim 7, Murray teaches the portable information terminal device claimed in claim 2, wherein the address data extracted by the extracting means is sandwiched between predetermined first and second identification codes (col. 7 lines 1-5, col. 8 lines 33-67, col. 10 lines 20-64, and figs. 3-4).

As to claim 8, Murray teaches the portable information terminal device claimed in claim 3, wherein the address data extracted by the extracting means is sandwiched between predetermined first and second identification codes (col. 7 lines 1-5, col. 8 lines 33-67, col. 10 lines 20-64, and figs. 3-4).

As to claim 9, Murray teaches the portable information terminal device claimed in claim 4, wherein the address data extracted by the extracting means is sandwiched between predetermined first and second identification codes (col. 7 lines 1-5, col. 8 lines 33-67, col. 10 lines 20-64, and figs. 3-4).

As to claim 10, the portable information terminal device claimed in claim 5, wherein the address data extracted by the extracting means is sandwiched between predetermined first and second identification codes (col. 7 lines 1-5, col. 8 lines 33-67, col. 10 lines 20-64, and figs. 3-4).

As to claim 11, it is individually similar in scope to claim 1 above; therefore, rejected under similar rationale.

As to claims 12-14, they are similar in scope to claim 1 and 5 above; therefore, they can be rejected under similar rationale as claims 1 and 5 above.

***Conclusion***

3. The prior art made of record and not relied upon is considered pertinent to applicant's disclosure.

Crandall (U.S. Patent No. 5,970,231) teaches identification, detecting, network, and GUI (cols. 3-10, and fig. 10).

Pogrebisky et al. (U.S. Patent No. 5,958,008) teach network, icons, user's profile, ID, and tracking (cols. 2-31, and figs. 1-24).

4. Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the examiner should be directed to Truc T Chuong whose telephone number is 703-305-5753. The examiner can normally be reached on M-Th and alternate Fridays 8:30 AM - 5:00 PM.

If attempts to reach the examiner by telephone are unsuccessful, the examiner's supervisor, Kristine L. Kincaid can be reached on 703-308-0640. The fax phone number for the organization where this application or proceeding is assigned is 703-872-9306.

Information regarding the status of an application may be obtained from the Patent Application Information Retrieval (PAIR) system. Status information for published applications may be obtained from either Private PAIR or Public PAIR. Status information for unpublished applications is available through Private PAIR only. For more information about the PAIR system, see <http://pair-direct.uspto.gov>. Should you have questions on access to the Private PAIR system, contact the Electronic Business Center (EBC) at 866-217-9197 (toll-free).

Truc T. Chuong

02/05/04

